



# Africa goes renewable

Sustainable pathways towards universal renewable electricity access in Africa

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## Africa goes renewable



### **Current challenges:**

- Lack of access
- Increasing population
- Climate change mitigation calls for independence from fossil fuels



National starting points to "ensure access to affordable, reliable, and modern energy for all" (SDG 7) differ.



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#### **Current challenges:**

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### Role of hydropower:

- The most established and economic technology
- Ecological, socioeconomic, and political impacts
- Vulnerable to streamflow changes



## Emerging role of solar and wind power:

- Falling prices for wind and solar energy
- Advantage: Availability and potential
- Challenge: Energy storage



Hydropower is the most established technology, but **wind and solar** have grown rapidly and become **increasingly competitive**.



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Electricity generated from all **existing and proposed renewable plants** can meet **76% of Africa's projected electricity needs**.





**36** African countries have **sufficient or more RE** capacity (existing and proposed) **to meet** projected **electricity demand in 2050**.

2021 2050 Shortfall □ Sufficient ■ Surplus Peters et al. (submitted to Nature Reviews, 2023)



Hydropower plants operating with reservoir storage **impact environment and society**. Shifting to wind and solar can protect river systems.





RE infrastructure is not without **impact**. Power plants need to **operate efficiently** and be **smartly combined**.



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2. Electricity generated from all existing and proposed renewable plants can meet 76% of Africa's projected electricity needs.

3. Renewable infrastructure is not without **impact**. Power plants need to operate efficiently and be smartly combined.



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